

Town Hall Nov. 7, 2024





Fund the Fight: Explainer, Stats, FAQ, and more.

cupe3903.org/fund-the-fight/

Financial Strategizing: A Timeline

April 2024	 Secretary-Treasurer and staff discussed union finances Secretary-Treasurer, Recording Secretary, Grievance Officer and CUPE National Representative meet to discuss possible solutions
May 2024	 Established Financial Sustainability Working Group as a subgroup of the Executive Committee to help the Secretary-Treasurer with finances Asked Employer about internal loan option as a temporary measure to improve cash flow [rejected] Dissolved working group and established Ad Hoc Finance Committee as a larger group to help the Secretary-Treasurer with finances
June 2024	 Ad Hoc Finance Committee meeting #1: discussed ways to move forward Secretary-Treasurer presented the 2024-25 budget at the AGM, also noting the financial issues of the Union



July 2024	 Ad Hoc Finance meeting #2: discussed how to mobilize around a dues structure change Ad Hoc Finance meeting #3: affirmed the recommendation to change the dues structure in light of new information from CUPE National
Aug. 2024	 Presented financial options to the Executive Committee Executive Committee endorsed the proposed 3% across-the-board dues rates Ad Hoc Finance meeting #4: created draft of dues campaign plan Ad Hoc Finance meeting #5: finalized dues campaign plan
Sept. 2024	 Ad Hoc Finance meetings and research work Ad Hoc Finance meeting #6: check-in
Oct. 2024	 Ad Hoc Finance meeting #7: reviewed campaign plan, organized communication tasks Creation of campaign website and materials Presentation of campaign at GMM on Oct. 29, 2024
Nov. 2024	 Town Hall on Nov. 7, 2024 Vote at GMM on Nov. 27, 2024



What are CUPE 3903's income sources?

- Membership dues
 - (approx. \$1,600,000 annually)
- Interest income and the Equity Fund
 - (approx. \$15,000 annually)

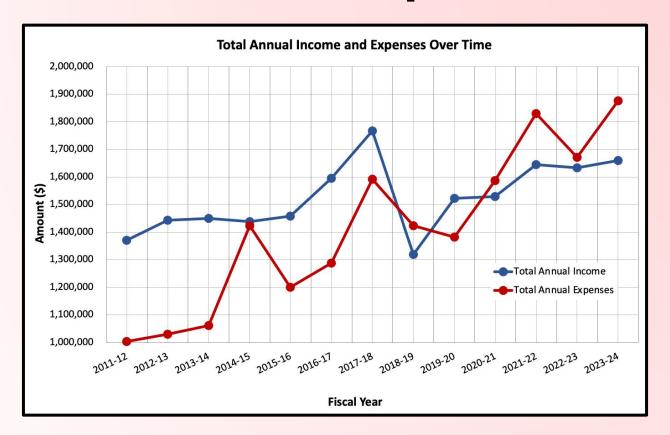


What are Our Expenses?

- Per capita and affiliation fees: we pay approximately 34% of our income to CUPE National, (as required by the CUPE National Constitution)
- Support and professional fees, namely accounting firms (for audits) and legal firms (for grievances and other legal questions)
- Staff salaries and benefits;
- Office costs
- Accessibility supports, like ASL interpretation and meeting captioning
- Conference delegations
- Work of caucuses and in our community
 - (ex: TFAC, First Nations Solidarity, etc.)
- Committee member and bargaining team honoraria
- Donations

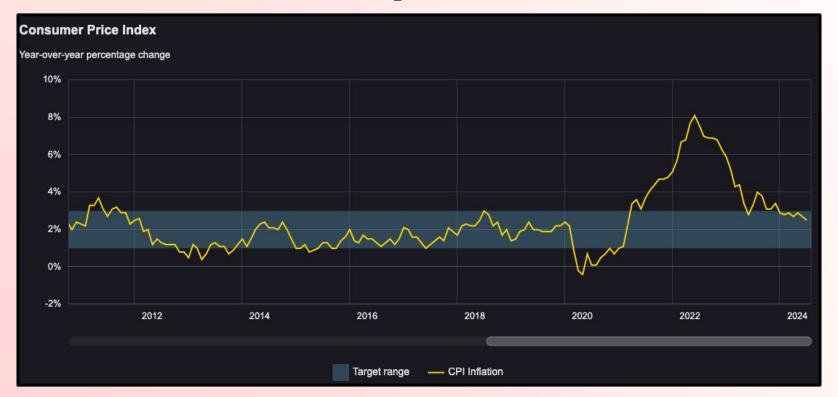


Income vs. Expenses





Increase in Expenses: Inflation



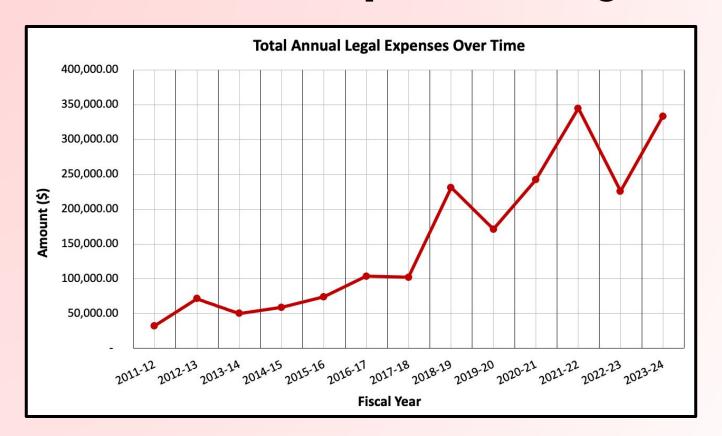


Increase in Expenses: Staff

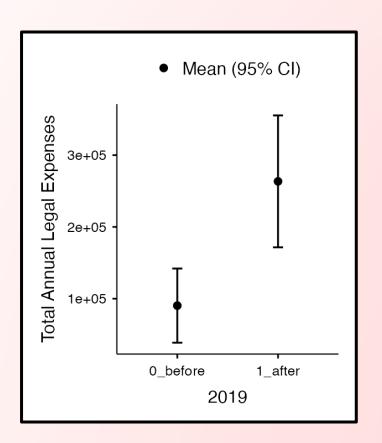




Increase in Expenses: Legal





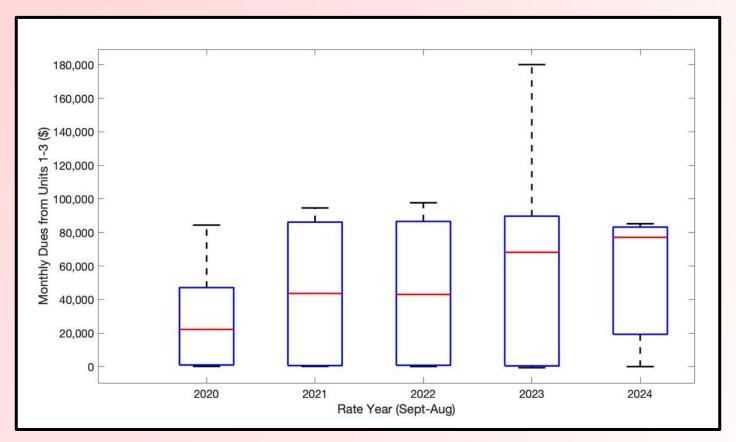


Increase in Expenses:

Legal before & after Dan Bradshaw



Stagnating Dues Income





The State of CUPE 3903's Finances

- The way CUPE 3903 has been staying afloat for the past fiscal years and the current fiscal year is by spending the surplus from a few years ago.
 - Importantly, the Union has not ran a surplus since then.
 - Moreover, the Union has spent all of that surplus at the end of the 2023-2024 fiscal year.
 - We are already carrying ~\$100,000 in debt.
- Given increasing costs and reduced income, there is a projected deficit of \$231,000 for the 2024-2025 fiscal year.
- However, we will probably be okay for this year with the dues income from the 2020-2023 (i.e., Bill 124) retro pay: 3903



To sustain CUPE 3903 as we know it, we seriously need funds and long-term, sustainable revenue.

Issues with Other Financial Options

- Get a loan
 - o does not generate 'new' revenue, since we have to pay it back
- Non-profit incorporation
 - o not allowed to incorporate and it doesn't generate new revenue
- Temporary change in dues structure (ex: 6-month)
 - too temporary to have a long-term effect
- Automatic change in dues when the strike fund dips below a certain level
 - long-term project, complex
- Unionizing more workers (ex: RAs, some postdocs, RAY students, Osgoode, Schulich, Continuing Studies)
 - very long-term project, needs organic interest



Solutions:

Researched by Ad Hoc Finance Committee

Reduce expenses:

This is already happening: reducing software costs, limiting legal costs, minimizing conference costs, etc.

Increase income: (by implementing at least one of these)

- 1. Special levy
- 2. Fundraising
- 3. Changing the dues structure



Strategies for Reducing Costs

- Reducing costs for software/subscriptions
 - Moving to a cheaper Office suite
 - Cutting communications software (labour-intensive)
 - Cancelling software that is no longer used
- Limiting legal costs
 - Formulating procedure on when to involve lawyers to resolve grievances
 - Exploring and researching legal alternatives
- Minimizing conference costs
 - Avoiding filling all delegate spots by default



Income Increase Option #1: Special Levy

- short-term revenue
- would hold us over for maybe one more year
- does not solve long-term financial sustainability issues



Income Increase Option #2: Fundraising

- more difficult when we are not on strike
- short-term solution at best
 - one-time solution at worst
- donors cannot claim donations on their taxes
- leaves us vulnerable to outside influence



Income Increase Option #3: Changing the dues structure

- helps with solving the straightforward quantitative problem of simply not having enough money to pay for all of the essential expenses that we incur
- long-term, sustainable solution
- member-driven, not relying on outside parties





Recommendation:

Change the dues structure of CUPE 3903 to 3.0% across-the-board.

Projections with 3.0% Across-the-Board Dues Rates

- We are already carrying ~\$100,000 in debt.
- In the 2024-2025 fiscal year, we will be short (i.e., have a deficit) of ~\$231,000.
- A harmonized 3.0% dues rate will generate roughly ~\$215,000 in income in the 2025-2026 fiscal year (if implemented Mar. 1, 2025).
- It may not be enough to fully cover the debt, but together with reducing expenses, we project that we can be closer to balancing CUPE 3903's budget to continue the crucial work of the Union, both now and in the future.

We need an additional \$231,000 in income to run a balanced budget in 2024/2025.

We are already \$100,000 in debt.



So, we need \$331,000 in additional income to pay off debt and to run a balanced budget in 2024/2025.

A <u>harmonized 3% dues rate</u> has been proposed.





Harmonized 3% Dues Rate

Harmonized 3% Dues Rate

Unit 1	2.8%	3.0%
Unit 2	2.3%	3.0%
Unit 3	2.3%	3.0%
Unit 4	2.3%	3.0%



Harmonized 3% Dues Rate Costs





Based on conservative membership projections, a harmonized 3% dues rate would provide us with approximately \$215,000 in additional income for the 2025-2026 fiscal year.



However, \$215,000 < \$331,000.

Alternative dues structures could be considered to reduced our debts and balance the budget.





Differential Dues Rates

Differential Dues Rates

Unit 1	2.8%	3.1%
Unit 2	2.3%	2.9%
Unit 3	2.3%	3.1%
Unit 4	2.3%	2.9%



Differential Dues Rates Costs



Based on conservative membership projections, differential dues rates of 2.9% and 3.1% would only provide us with approximately \$212,000 in additional income for the 2025-2026 fiscal year.





Harmonized 3.1% Dues Rate

Harmonized 3.1% Dues Rate

Unit 1	2.8% 3.1%	6
Unit 2	2.3% 3.1%	6
Unit 3	2.3% 3.1%	6
Unit 4	2.3% 3.1%	6



Harmonized 3.1% Dues Rate Costs





Based on conservative membership projections, a harmonized 3.1% dues rate would provide us with approximately \$261,000 in additional income for the 2025-2026 fiscal year.





Harmonized 3.3% Dues Rate

Harmonized 3.3% Dues Rate

Unit 1	2.8% 3.3%	
Unit 2	2.3% 3.3%	
Unit 3	2.3% 3.3%	
Unit 4	2.3% 3.3%	



Harmonized 3.3% Dues Rate Costs





Based on conservative membership projections, a harmonized 3.3% dues rate would provide us with approximately \$352,000 in additional income for the 2025-2026 fiscal year.



Harmonized 3% 8215,000 \$215,000 \$215,000 \$218.16 \$622.56 U3 \$7.50 \$257.25 U4 \$20.29 \$695.58 U2 2.9% U3 3.1% U2 \$15.56 \$684.82 U3 \$8.58 \$265.83 U4 \$17.39 \$672.40 U4 \$17.39 \$672.40 U2 \$20.75 \$643.31 U3 \$8.58 \$282.98 U4 \$23.19 \$718.77 U4 \$23.19 \$718.77 U2 \$25.94 \$684.82 U3 \$10.72 \$282.98 U4 \$28.98 \$765.14	Scenario	Dues Rate	Projected Income	Unit	Monthly Dues increase	Total <u>Annual</u> Dues at New Rate
Harmonized 3% \$215,000 U3 \$7.50 \$257.25 U4 \$20.29 \$695.58 U1 3.1% U1 \$5.20 \$430.16 U2 \$15.56 \$684.82 U3 3.1% U4 \$17.39 \$672.40 U1 \$5.20 \$430.16 U2 \$20.75 \$643.31 U2 \$20.75 \$643.31 U2 \$20.75 \$643.31 U3 \$8.58 \$282.98 U4 \$23.19 \$718.77 U1 \$8.67 \$457.91 U2 \$25.94 \$684.82 U2 \$25.94 \$684.82 U2 \$25.94 \$684.82				U1	\$3.47	\$416.28
Differential Rates U1 3.1% U2 2.9% U3 3.1% U4 \$20.29 \$695.58 U1 \$5.20 \$430.16 U2 \$15.56 \$684.82 U3 3.1% U4 \$17.39 \$672.40 U1 \$5.20 \$430.16 U2 \$15.56 \$684.82 U3 \$15.56 \$104 \$212,000 U3 \$15.50 \$105.20	Hormonicad 20/	20/	#24E 000	U2	\$18.16	\$622.56
Differential Rates U1 3.1% U2 2.9% U3 3.1% U4 2.9% U4 2.9% U3 3.1% U4 2.9% U3 3.1% U4 2.9% U1 \$5.20 \$430.16 U2 \$15.56 \$684.82 U3 \$8.58 \$265.83 U4 \$17.39 \$672.40 U1 \$5.20 \$430.16 U2 \$20.75 \$643.31 U2 \$20.75 \$643.31 U3 \$8.58 \$282.98 U4 \$23.19 \$718.77 U1 \$8.67 \$457.91 U2 \$25.94 \$684.82 U2 \$25.94 \$684.82 U3 \$10.72 \$282.98	Harmonized 5%	3%	\$215,000	U3	\$7.50	\$257.25
Differential Rates U2 2.9% U3 3.1% U4 2.9% Harmonized 3.1% 3.1% \$261,000 U2 \$15.56 \$684.82 U3 \$8.58 \$265.83 U4 \$17.39 \$672.40 U1 \$5.20 \$430.16 U2 \$20.75 \$643.31 U3 \$8.58 \$282.98 U4 \$23.19 \$718.77 U1 \$8.67 \$457.91 U2 \$25.94 \$684.82 U3 \$15.56 \$684.82 U3 \$15.56 \$684.82 U3 \$8.58 \$265.83 U4 \$17.39 \$672.40 U2 \$20.75 \$643.31 U3 \$8.58 \$282.98 U4 \$23.19 \$718.77 U1 \$8.67 \$457.91 U2 \$25.94 \$684.82 U3 \$10.72 \$282.98				U4	\$20.29	\$695.58
Differential Rates		U1 3.1%		U1	\$5.20	\$430.16
Harmonized 3.1% U3 \$8.58 \$265.83 U4 \$17.39 \$672.40 U1 \$5.20 \$430.16 U2 \$20.75 \$643.31 U3 \$8.58 \$282.98 U1 \$5.20 \$430.16 U2 \$20.75 \$643.31 U3 \$8.58 \$282.98 U4 \$23.19 \$718.77 U1 \$8.67 \$457.91 U2 \$25.94 \$684.82 U3 \$10.72 \$282.98	Differential Dates	U2 2.9%	#242.000	U2	\$15.56	\$684.82
Harmonized 3.1%	Differential Rates	U3 3.1%	\$212,000	U3	\$8.58	\$265.83
Harmonized 3.1%		U4 2.9%		U4	\$17.39	\$672.40
Harmonized 3.1% \$261,000 U3 \$8.58 \$282.98 U4 \$23.19 \$718.77 U1 \$8.67 \$457.91 U2 \$25.94 \$684.82 U3 \$10.72 \$282.98				U1	\$5.20	\$430.16
Harmonized 3.3% U3 \$8.58 \$282.98 U4 \$23.19 \$718.77 U1 \$8.67 \$457.91 U2 \$25.94 \$684.82 U3 \$10.72 \$282.98	Harmanizad 2 40/	2.40/	¢204 000	U2	\$20.75	\$643.31
Harmonized 3.3% 3.3% \$352,000 U1 \$8.67 \$457.91 U2 \$25.94 \$684.82 U3 \$10.72 \$282.98	narmonized 3.1%	3.1%	\$201,000	U3	\$8.58	\$282.98
Harmonized 3.3% \$352,000 U2 \$25.94 \$684.82 U3 \$10.72 \$282.98				U4	\$23.19	\$718.77
Harmonized 3.3% \$352,000 U3 \$10.72 \$282.98				U1	\$8.67	\$457.91
U3 \$10.72 \$282.98	Hormonicod 2 20/	2.20/	#252.000	U2	\$25.94	\$684.82
U4 \$28.98 \$765.14	Harmonized 3.3%	3.3%	₩ 352,000	U3	\$10.72	\$282.98
				U4	\$28.98	\$765.14



Thank You! Questions?

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